Why is data important in advocacy?

Maureen Milanga Health Global Access Project (Health GAP)



PEPFAR in the beginning

PEPFAR Now



SECTION 3: PAST PERFORMANCE – COP 2019 Review

Table 5. COP Kenya Level FY20 Program Results (COP19) against FY21 Targets (COP20)

Indicator	FY20 result (COP19)	FY21 target (COP20)
TX Current <15	68,607	87,802
TX Current >15	1,127,827	1,261,825
VMMC >15	57,907	54,901
DREAMS (AGYW PREV)	257,358	-
Cervical Cancer Screening	7,564	292,715
TB Preventive Therapy	90,529	133,179

Table 6. COP 2019 | FY 2020 Agency-level Outlays versus Approved Budget*

	Agency	Sum of Approved COP/ROP 2019 Planning Level	Sum of Total FY 2020 Outlays	Sum of Over/Under Outlays
j,	חסח	15 723 196	13 487 342	2 235 854

Data helps us know the current state of the program and to track

progress

2.2.5 Scale Up of Dolutegravir

As of the end of FY20 QI, more than 500,000 PLHIV were receiving Dolutegravir (DGT) as per the 2018 ART guidelines and the July 2019 NASCOP circular that allowed for use of **DTG** in women of reproductive age. These guidelines are currently under revision and **DTG** use will be explicitly captured as part of the revision. In FY20/21, Kenya will continue to scale up use of **DTG** per the WHO guidelines in combination with other appropriate treatment

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molecules. Kenya is already using **DTG** for the pediatric population and nevirapine phase out is well under way with the very small number of clients currently on nevirapine expected to transition to appropriate regimens by the start of COP20.

Even strategies built on a strong policy foundation are not enough for rapid progress. Wise use of data, with analysis down to the site-level, is needed to rapidly accelerate progress. At the Regional Planning Meeting, the Government of Tanzania (GOT), along with the United States Government (USG), renewed their commitment to working closely together to review site-level data, to use those data for rapid action, and to continue its monthly program and policy review meetings chaired monthly by the Chief Medical Officer and quarterly by the Honorable Minister of Health or Deputy Minister. GOT and USG will continue work side-by-side throughout this process to ensure that proposed policy changes quickly roll-Out at facility and patient levels.

To <u>make</u> policy where there is none and <u>change</u> policy were it is not effective at reaching people

TABLE 2: COP 2021	Earmarks by	Appropriation Year*

		Appropriation Year								
		FY21		FY20			FY19			TOTAL
C&T	\$	247,000,000	\$		-	\$		-	\$	247,000,000
OVC	\$	38,500,000	\$		-	\$		-	\$	38,500,000
GBV	\$	6,000,000	\$		-	\$		-	\$	6,000,000
Water	\$	3,779,991	\$		-	\$		-	\$	3,779,991
*Only GHP	-State a	nd GHP-USAID will c	ountt	owards the (are a	nd Trec	atment and	OVC et	armar	ks **Only GHP-

State will count towards the GBV and Water earmarks.'

Uganda's Planning level letter COP 21

То understand how **PEPFAR** programs spend resources

TABLE 3: COP 2021 Initiative Controls

EPFAR

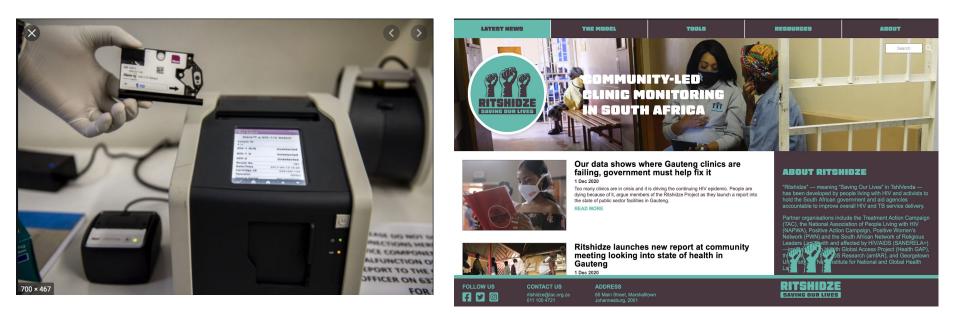
	Bilateral	Central	TOTAL
Total Funding	\$ 425,000,000	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 426,500,000
Core Program	\$ 425,000,000	\$ -	\$ 425,000,000
Cervical Cancer	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Community-Led Monitoring	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Condoms (GHP-USAID Central Funding)	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 1,500,000
DREAMS	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
HBCU Tx	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
One-time Conditional Funding	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Surveillance and Public Health Response	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
VMMC	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

20 Performance Summary: Comparable performance of EV 19 and EV 20

Nigeria's Planning level Letter COP 21

perating Unit	Indicator - *Please click indicator below for narrative	Numerator/ Denominator	FY19 Cum. Results	FY19 Target	FY19 %	FY20 Q1 Results	FY20 Q2 Results		FY20 Q4 Results	FY20 Cum. Results	FY20 Target	FY20 %
	AGYW PREV	D					220,631		257,358	257,358		
		N	120,193				124,390		217,319	217,319		_
	KP_MAT	N	2,460	8,249	30%				3,746	3,746	7,936	47
	KP PREV	D				_			100.01			-
		N	277,330	295,502	94%		151,740		139,048	290,788	298,626	97
	OVC_SERV	N	627,006	794,320	79%		663,333		732,159	732,159	628,813	116
	OVC_SERV_ACTIVE	N	599,543	788,654	76%		655,118		712,256	712,256	554,164	
	OVC_SERV_GRADUATED	N	27,463	5,666	485%		8,215		19,903	19,903	74,649	2
	OVC_SERV_OVER_18	N	80,991	147,048	55%		42,628		63,845	63,845	10,553	60
	OVC_SERV_UNDER_18	N	546,015	645,023	85%	10.055	620,705	10.465	668,314	668,314	618,260	100
	PMTCT ART	D	54,485	64,909	84%	12,358	14,684	13,168		53,016	60,702	8
		N D	53,836	60,376	89%	12,252	14,600	13,068	12,739	52,659	57,691	9
	PMTCT_EID	N	56,625	64,909	87%	12,868	15,229	13,684	13,360	55,141	60,702	9'
ya	PMTCT_EID_Less_Equal_Two_N onths	⁴ N	50,802 41,003	8,600 305	591% 13444%	11,143 9,447	13,406 11,159	12,401 10,434	12,831 10,477	49,781 41,517	57,666 51,598	8
	PMTCT_HEI_POS	N	1,352			228	288	244	262	1,022		
	PMTCT STAT	D	1,083,705	1,220,916	89%	238,889	284,098	263,512	252,331	1,038,830	1,232,277	84
	PMICI_SIAI	N	1,081,051	1,194,681	90%	237,940	283,424	262,833	252,146	1,036,343	1,170,669	89
	PMTCT_STAT_POS	N	54,485	64,909	84%	12,358	14,684	13,168	12,806	53,016	60,702	8
	PP PREV	D										
	-	N	378,604	325,522	116%		194,262		240,433	434,695	612,676	
	PrEP_CURR	N	37,720				41,229		57,600	57,600	47,499	121
	PrEP_NEW	D	34,110	31.047	110%		19.325		20.516	39.841	37.947	103
		D	105,962	182.277	58%		53.029		48.263	101.292	1.323.729	
	TB_PREV	N	95,995	153,454	63%		47.037	_	43,311	90.348	1,151,642	
	VMMC CIRC	N	281.038	300.051	94%	61.338	15,669	12.806		121,592	200.000	

Data helps us know what we can advocate for



Data helps us defend the programs we believe should get funded

Worst performing sites in	quarter 1: "Are the staff friendly	and professional?"
---------------------------	------------------------------------	--------------------

Province	District	Facility		Are Staff Friendly and Professional?					
			Yes Sor	metimes No	Don't know SCOR				
KwaZulu-Natal	eThekwini	Cato Manor CHC	1	2 12	0				
Western Cape	City of Cape Town	Nolunglie CDC	0	1 2	0				
Western Cape	City of Cape Town	Weltevreden Valley Clinic	0	2 3	0				
Western Cape	City of Cape Town	Kuyasa CDC	1	5 8	1				
Gauteng	City of Tshwane	Stanza Bopape II Clinic	0	8 8	0				
Gauteng	City of Tshwane	Soshanguve Block TT Clinic	3	2 9	0				
Free State	Lejweleputswa	Albert Luthuli Memorial Clinic	2	3 7	0				
Free State	Thabo Mofutsanyana	Phuthaditihaba Clinic	2	6 9	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	uMgungundlovu	Howick Clinic	0	10 7	0				
North West	Bojanala Platinum	Tihabane CHC	1	7 7	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	uMaunaundlovu	Caluza Clinic	1	7 7	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	Ugu	Umzinto Clinic	1	7 7	0				
Gauteng	Ekurhuleni	Tsakane Clinic	1	7 7	0				
Gauteng	City of Tshwane	Stanza Bopape CHC	2	6 8	0				
Free State	Lejweleputswa	Kgotsong (Bothaville) Clinic	1	9 6	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	uMaungundlovu	Mpophomeni Clinic	2	5 6	2				
Gauteng	Ekurhuleni	Phola Park CHC	1	8 5	1				
KwaZulu-Natal	eThekwini	Sydenham Heights Clinic	3	5 7	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	eThekwini	Redhill Clinic	3	5 7	0				
Western Cape	City of Cape Town	Matthew Goniwe CDC	0	3 1	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	Ugu	Turton CHC	2	8 5	0				
Gauteng	Ekurhuleni	Boksburg Civic Centre Clinic	0	12 3	0				
Eastern Cape	OR Tambo	St Elizabeth's Gateway Clinic	0	14 3	0				
Gauteng	Ekurhuleni	Nokuthela Ngwenya CHC	2	10 5	0				
Free State	Leiweleputswa	Phahameng (Bultfontein) Clinic	4	8 7	0				
Mpumalanga	Ehlanzeni	Tonga Block C Clinic	2	13 5	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	Ugu	KwaMbunde Clinic	2	8 4	1				
KwaZulu-Natal	Ugu	Marburg Clinic	5	3 7	0				
Gauteng	Ekurhuleni	Lethabong Clinic	3	7 5	0				
Gauteng	Ekurhuleni	Kempton Park Civic Centre Clinic	3	8 5	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	eThekwini	Addington Gateway Clinic	4	6 6	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	eThekwini	Goodwins Clinic	2	11 4	0				
Free State	Lejweleputswa	Hani Park Clinic	4	14 6	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	eThekwini	Umlazi G Clinic	3	8 4	0				
Eastern Cape	OR Tambo	Holy Cross Gateway Clinic	0	14 1	1				
KwaZulu-Natal	Ugu	Southport Clinic	1	12 2	0				
Gauteng	Ekurhuleni	Katlehong North Clinic	1	12 2	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	uMgungundlovu	Azalea Clinic	1	12 2	0				
KwaZulu-Natal	eThekwini	Umlazi D Clinic	3	8 4	0				
Free State	Lejweleputswa	Welkom Clinic	4	6 5	0				
Eastern Cape	Buffalo City	Nontvatvambo CHC	5	5 6	0				
Eastern Cape	Buffalo City	Fezeka NU 3 Clinic	1	14 2	0				

Advocacy to put resources at the front line of HIV service delivery—where it is needed most.

Ritshidze Community-Led Monitoring South Africa

Understanding data helps us not make blanket recommendations but those based on evidence and understand how PEPFAR prioritises funding for countries.

> The more you understand the data, the more effectively you can advocate!

Thank you!

HIV Policy Lab

Matt Kavanagh Georgetown University <u>hivpolicylab.org</u>



PRODUCED BY GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

The HIV Policy Lab online platform systematically gathers and monitors laws and policies adopted by countries around the world documenting where key HIV science has been translated into policy. It is an open, growing global public resource that builds data from legal documents, government reporting, and independent research. Indepth country pages, an interactive global map and comparison across issues and countries is available. Please click below to enter.



Dealing with the Data: Accessing PEPFAR and other Data to Strengthen Advocacy

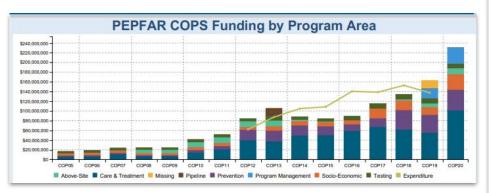


Primarily a Budgeting Exercise at the Country Level

- High level budget in the Planning Letters
- Strategy and Approaches for Programs

What's NOT Up for Discussion (generally)

- Country Level Funding (Can only be challenged with PEPFAR Headquarters)
- Which specific implementing partners will get funding.



S/GAC will not assign targets to countries, but only provide notional budget levels sufficient to achieve the full SDG goal and sustain gains made. Teams will develop their own targets across PEPFAR program areas, with the treatment current target no less than the result that was to be achieved in COP 2020. After the PEPFAR country team submits their COP21 targets, the notional budget will then be adjusted to the presented level of ambition.

The PEPFAR Country Operational Plan (COP 2021) notional budget for Malawi is **\$175,785,000** inclusive of all new funding accounts and applied pipeline. All earmarks and program direction provided below must be met. Targets and the subsequent approved budget should reflect the level of ambition the PEPFAR team, in collaboration with the Government of Malawi and civil society of Malawi, believes is critical for the country's progress towards controlling the pandemic and maintaining control.

We are hoping this approach to target-setting and budget will establish an open dialogue on target-setting and empower teams to work with all stakeholders to plan a strategic and impactful COP. The expectation is for country teams and agencies to propose to S/GAC the targets they believe are achievable and feasible and hold their partners accountable to that achievement.

PEPFAR, with partner governments, multilateral partners, and communities, continues to move rapidly toward control of the HIV pandemic and plan for sustainability of programs. Achieving epidemic control for HIV will be a remarkable accomplishment, saving millions of lives, significantly lowering the burden of HIV/AIDS in countries and communities, reducing the future costs required to sustain the HIV

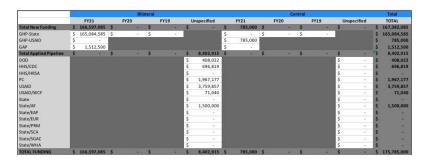


TABLE 1: All COP 2021 Funding by Appropriation Year

SECTION 2: COP 2021 BUDGETARY REQUIREMENTS AND OTHER CONSIDERATIONS

Malawi should plan for the full Care and Treatment (C&T) level of **\$94,000,000** and the full Orphans and Vulnerable Children (OVC) level of **\$20,000,000** of the PLL across all funding sources. These earmark levels on new funding are subsets of those amounts that must be programmed with specific types of

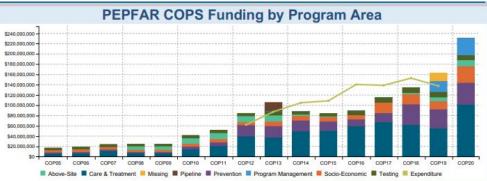
MAKING AIDS HISTORY

PEPFAR uses data to target its resources and interventions

- At the end of the COPs process country teams must set the main targets for each country and distribute them to each district.
- Must also determine budgets for each implementing partner (CSOs NOT involved)

Tools PEPFAR Uses in the Room:

- DataPack: Sets targets for districts
- Fast Tool: Sets budgets for each program and implementing partner
- **Table 6:** Identifies investments in strategic information and above-site activities





PEPFAR Data Systems - Monitoring and Evaluation

MER System

- Primary Performance Management and M&E System PEPFAR Uses
- Tally based system counts the number of services being provided, no information about the quality or individuals accessing services

Key Pieces of Data only Available in MER

- Primary means for tracking quarterly improvement and implementation of the COPs
- Granular district/facility level and implementing partner level results

https://datim.zendesk.com/hc/article_attachme nts/360071630231/FY21_MER_2.5_Indicator_Re ference_Guide.pdf



Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting Indicator Reference Guide



MER 2.0 (Version 2.3) September 2018

Monitoring and Evaluation

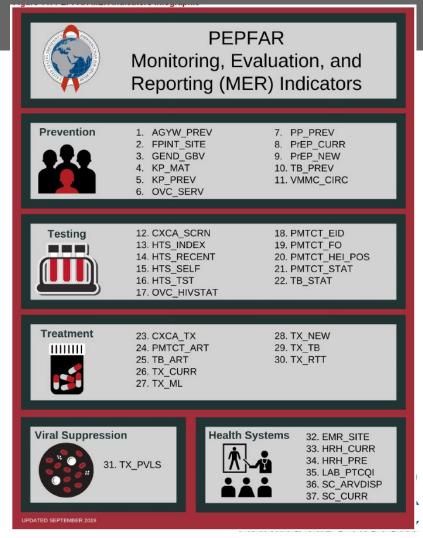
Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting (MER) System

Site Improvement through Monitoring System (SIMS)

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MAKING AIDS HISTORY
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Prevention Services:

- AGYW_PREV: % of AGYW that have DREAMS primary prevention package
- FPINT_SITE: # of service delivery sites offering integrated family planning services (NOT PUBLIC)
- *GEND_GBV: # of people receiving post-GBV clinical care*
- KP_MAT: # of people who inject drugs (PWID) receiving Medication Assisted Therapy (MAT)
- KP_PREV: # of key population individuals reached with prevention programming
- OVC_SERV: # of orphans/vulnerable children served
- *PP_PREV*: # of priority prevent individuals reached with prevention programming
- *PrEP_CURR*: # of people currently on PrEP
- *PrEP_NEW*: # of people newly enrolled on PrEP
- *TB_PREV*: # of people completing course of TPT
- *VMMC_CIRC*: # of males accessing voluntary medical male circumcision



PEPFAR Data Systems - Monitoring and Evaluation

Testing Services:

- CXCA_SCRN: # of women screened for cervical cancer
- HTS_INDEX: # of individuals identified and receiving HIV testing through index testing services (Partially PUBLIC)
- HTS_RECENT: # of newly diagnosed individuals tested with an HIV recency assay
- HTS_SELF: # of HIV self-test kits distributed
- *HTS_TST*: # of individuals tested for HIV and receiving their results
- *HTS_TST_POS*: # of individuals newly testing positive for HIV
- *OVC_HIVSTAT*: % of OVC with documented HIV status
- *PMTCT_EID*: # of infants tested for HIV in early infant diagnosis programs
- PMTCT_FO: % of infants with documented final HIV status that were part of a birth cohort (NOT PUBLIC)
- PMTCT_HEI_POS: # of infants (<12 months) diagnosed HIV positive
- PMTCT_STAT: # of pregnant women tested for HIV
- TB_STAT: % of TB patients tested for HIV



PEPFAR Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting (MER) Indicators

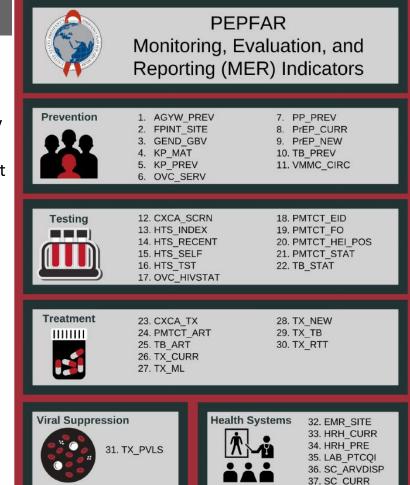
Prevention	1. AGYW_PREV 2. FPINT_SITE 3. GEND_GBV 4. KP_MAT 5. KP_PREV 6. OVC_SERV	7. PP_PREV 8. PrEP_CURR 9. PrEP_NEW 10. TB_PREV 11. VMMC_CIRC
Testing	12. CXCA_SCRN 13. HTS_INDEX 14. HTS_RECENT 15. HTS_SELF 16. HTS_TST 17. OVC_HIVSTAT	18. PMTCT_EID 19. PMTCT_FO 20. PMTCT_HEI_POS 21. PMTCT_STAT 22. TB_STAT
Treatment	23. CXCA_TX 24. PMTCT_ART 25. TB_ART 26. TX_CURR 27. TX_ML	28. TX_NEW 29. TX_TB 30. TX_RTT
Viral Suppression	n rx_pvLs	ystems 32. EMR_SITE 33. HRH_CURR 34. HRH_PRE 35. LAB_PTCQI 36. SC_ARVDISP 37. SC_CURR

Treatment Services:

- CXCA_TX: % of women screening positive for cervical cancer that received treatment
- PMTCT_ART: % of HIV positive pregnant women accessing HIV treatment
- TB_ART: % of HIV positive TB-patients accessing HIV treatment
- TX_CURR: # of individual currently on ARV treatment
- TX_ML: # of ART patients who have been lost-to-follow-up (NOT PUBLIC)
- TX_NEW: # of individuals newly enrolled on ARV treatment
- TX_TB: % of ART patients screened for TB
- TX_RTT: # of ART patients returned to treatment after being lost-to-follow-up

Viral Suppression Services

• TX_PVLS: % of ART patients with a suppressed viral load



IDDATED SEPTEMBED 2010

Health Systems:

- EMR_SITE: # of PEPFAR supported facilities with an Electronic Medical Record System (NOT PUBLIC)
- HRH_CURR: # of health care workers working on HIV supported by PEPFAR
- HRH_PRE: # of new health care workers graduated with support from PEPFAR
- *HRH_STAFF: # of health care workers working at a facility*
- LAB_PTCQI: # of PEPFAR supported laboratory and point-of-care sites engaged in quality improvement and proficiency testing
- SC_ARVDISP: # of bottles of ARV dispensed by patients (NOT PUBLIC)
- SC_CURR: # of ARV bottles in stock (NOT PUBLIC)



PEPFAR Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting (MER) Indicators

Prevention	 AGYW_PREV FPINT_SITE GEND_GBV KP_MAT KP_PREV OVC_SERV 	7. PP_PREV 8. PrEP_CURR 9. PrEP_NEW 10. TB_PREV 11. VMMC_CIRC
Testing	12. CXCA_SCRN 13. HTS_INDEX 14. HTS_RECENT 15. HTS_SELF 16. HTS_TST 17. OVC_HIVSTAT	18. PMTCT_EID 19. PMTCT_FO 20. PMTCT_HEI_POS 21. PMTCT_STAT 22. TB_STAT
Treatment	23. CXCA_TX 24. PMTCT_ART 25. TB_ART 26. TX_CURR 27. TX_ML	28. TX_NEW 29. TX_TB 30. TX_RTT
Viral Suppression 31. T	h FX_PVLS	Astems 32. EMR_SITE 33. HRH_CURR 34. HRH_PRE 35. LAB_PTCQI 36. SC_ARVDISP 37. SC_CURR

PEPFAR Data Systems - Monitoring and Evaluation

SIMS System

- Quality Assurance and Monitoring System PEPFAR uses
- Meant to monitor whether facilities are implementing programs correctly and consistently
- Not limited to assessing PEPFAR programming at a facility

Key Pieces of Data only Available in SIMS

 More detail about what may be going wrong at a facility that is under-performing (i.e. is defaulter tracing being done? Do patients get viral load results? etc)



Site Improvement through Monitoring System (SIMS) Implementation Guide

S MS

Version 4.0

30 November 2018

Monitoring and Evaluation

Monitoring, Evaluation, and Reporting (MER) System

Site Improvement through Monitoring System (SIMS)

MAKING AIDS HISTORY

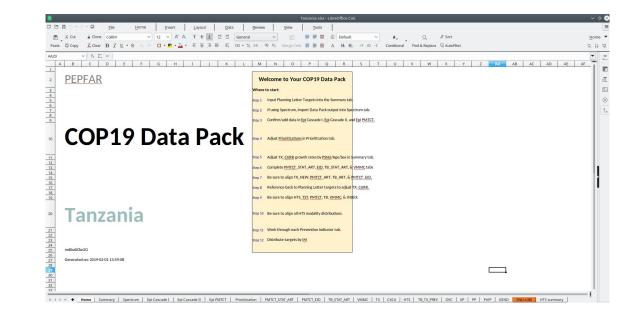
PEPFAR Data Tools in the Room - Data Pack

What it is

- Spreadsheet of data
- Tool used to set the targets for the COP
- Headquarters developed and driven tool (it serves their interests primarily)
- Contains assumptions such as PLHIV estimates - for setting national and district/county level targets
- Updated nightly throughout the COP meetings
- Only place to get certain data (such as KP and AGYW program data)

Demand it!

- DataPacks are often ONLY provided if demanded they be shared by civil society representatives
- amfAR, AVAC, Health GAP, and other colleagues will work through the data with you if you get it
- Send to: data@pepfarwatch.org





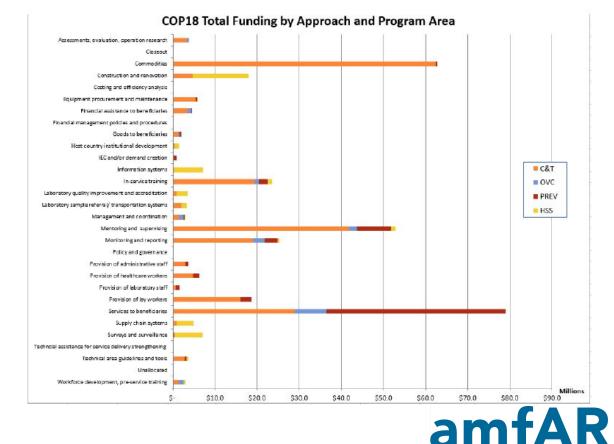
PEPFAR Data Tools in the Room - FAST Tool

What it is

- Budgeting Tool
- Allocates resources across partners, objectives, and populations to be served
- Determines what SPECIFIC activities will be funded
- Uses Financial Classification Framework

Demand it!

- Often NOT shared because of sensitive information
- HOWEVER, different parts CAN AND SHOULD BE SHARED with civil society representatitves
- Send to: data@pepfarwatch.org



MAKING AIDS HISTORY

PEPFAR Data Tools in the Room - Budget Structure

		Proç	grams		
Above-Site Programs	Care & Treatment	HIV Testing Services	Program Management	Prevention	Socio-Economic
		Sub-P	rograms		
Procurement & Supply Chain	HIV Clinical Services	Community-Based Testing	Program Management	Community Mobilization Behavior & Norms	Case Management
HMIS, Surveillance, Research	HIV Drugs	Facility-Based	management	Change Voluntary Medical	Economic Strengthening
Human Resource	HIV Lab Services	Testing		Male Circumcision	Education Assistance
for Health Lab System				PrEP Condom &	Psycho-Social Support
Strengthening Institutional				Lubricant Prog.	Legal, Human Rights,
Prevention Public Finance				Opioid Substitution Therapy	and Protection
Mgmt Strengthening					
Policy, Planning, Coordination					
Laws, Regulation, and Policy Env.					

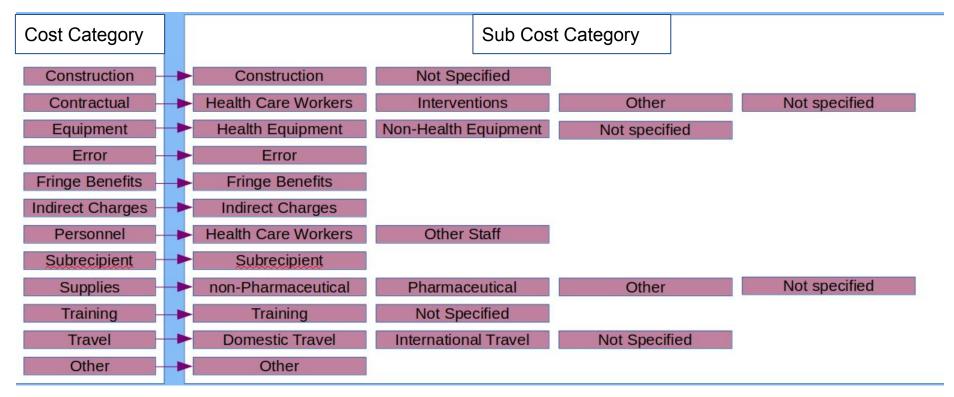
MAKING AIDS HISTORY

PEPFAR Data Tools in the Room - Budget Structure

		Benef	iciaries			
Females	Key Populations	Males	Non-Targeted	OVC	Pregnant /	
	Priority Populations				Breastfeeding Women	
					women	
		Sub-Ber	neficiaries			
Adult Me	Adult Men (25+ years)		Displaced Persons		Inject Drugs	
Adult Wom	Adult Women (25+ years)		Girls (<15 years)		Vorkers	
Adults	(25+ years)	Men who have Sex with Men		Transgende	er Individuals	
Boys (<15 years)		Military & Uniformed Services		Young/Adolesce	ent Males (15-24)	
Care gi	Care givers of OVC		Mobile Populations		t Females (15-24	
Children (<15 years)		OVC		Young/Adolescent (15-24)		
Clients of Sex Workers		People in Prisons		Not Specified		



PEPFAR Data Tools in the Room - Budget Structure



EXPENDITURE DATA ONLY - NOT IN BUDGET



What it is

- Details investments in above-site and strategic information
- IBBS Surveys
- IT Systems (electronic medical records)
- Supply Chain Management Systems
- New Guidelines Development

Demand it!

- Money allocated to Table 6 can often be used to win more funding for other more important programs
- PEPFAR headquarters often skeptical of these investments as well
- Send to: data@pepfarwatch.org

Funding Agency	Mech ID	Program Area	COP18 Strategic Objective	Approach
USAID	7139	HSS	Increase Sustainable Finance and Domestic Resource Mobilization for Kenya's Health Sector	Costing and efficiency analysis
USAID	7139	HSS	Increase Sustainable Finance and Domestic Resource Mobilization for Kenya's Health Sector	Financial management policies and procedures
USAID	7139	C&T	Increase Sustainable Finance and Domestic Resource Mobilization for Kenya's Health Sector	Financial management policies and procedures
USAID	7139	HSS	Strengthen national and county linkages to enhance Kenya's health finance, policy and governance	Policy and governance
HHS/CDC	13346	C&T	Technical support for operationalization and implementation of Treat All guidelines, including improvement of clinic-lab interphase and resource mobilization.	Technical area guidelines and tools
HHS/CDC	13346	PREV	Provide technical support for HIV Self-testing; assisted partner notification services; Pre- exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) services; assessment of VMMC coverage by age bands; and implementation of the VMMC sustainability phase.	Technical area guidelines and tools
USAID	13868	HSS	Strengthened capacity of government to lead, manage and govern health communications and marketing	IEC and/or demand creation
HHS/CDC	13919	HSS	Strengthen laboratory capacity to ensure high-quality HIV diagnosis and monitoring tests, including HIV rapid tests, CD4, viral load, PCR-EID, TB microscopy and Gene Xpert. Also addresses systems barrier 2 (Laboratory in Table 6:3): weak lab quality improvement initiatives to ensure accurate and timely diagnostics.	Laboratory quality improvement and accreditation
USAID	14012	C&T	Strengthen the capacity of MOH facilities and County Health Systems	Host country institutional development
USAID	14022	C&T	Strengthen the capacity of MOH facilities and County Health Systems	Host country institutional

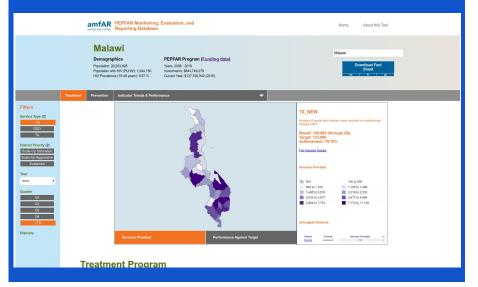


PEPFAR Data Systems - Accessing PEPFAR Data

Budget / Expenditure Data https://copsdata.amfar.org



MER Data https://mer.amfar.org



amfAR MAKING AIDS HISTORY

PEPFAR Data Systems - Accessing PEPFAR Data

COPs Database

- PEPFAR Funding
 - What's being funded?
 - Who's getting the funding?
- PEPFAR Spending
 - Did the money get spent the way it was supposed to?

MER Database

- PEPFAR Targets and Results
 - Is the program hitting their targets?
 - Where?

Factsheets

- Summary that pulls from both databases
- Handy in the (virtual) room



Thank you!

brian.honermann@amfar.org austin.jones@amfar.org

